Clear-sky TOA and Surface SW Comparison between CERES, Model and Measurements in CLAMS

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CLAMS (Chesapeake Lighthouse and Aircraft Measurements for Satellites) was a SW radiative closure experiment conducted in the summer of year 2001 to validate retrieval algorithms for aerosol and fluxes from CERES, MODIS and MISR.

TOA and surface SW between CERES, model and surface measurements for the four clear days in CLAMS are to be compared:

- > (1). TOA radiance: CERES and model
- (2). TOA fluxes: CERES and model
- > (3). Surface fluxes: CERES, model and surface measurements.





CERES FM2 was switched to a special programmed scanning mode to increase the frequency of measurement at COVE during CLAMS.

Criteria used to select CERES footprints for comparison:

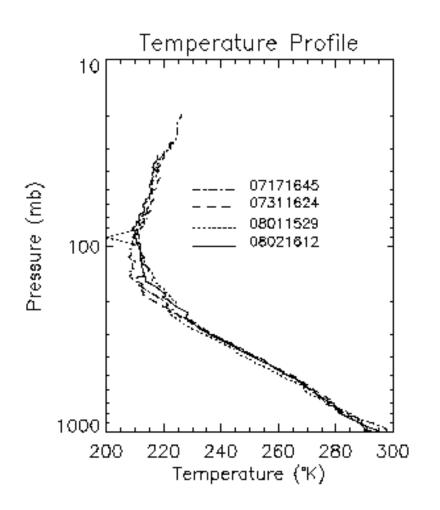
- Clear sky.
- Within 15km of COVE.

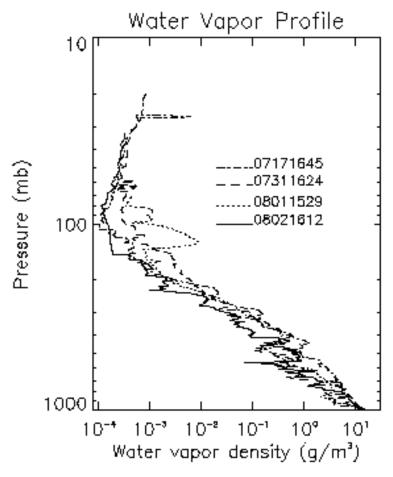
All model calculations are by COART (Coupled Ocean-Atmosphere Radiative Transfer model).





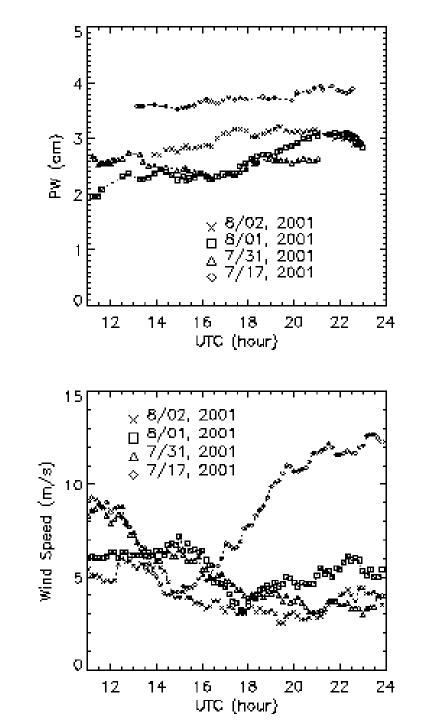
Temperature, Water vapor profiles at





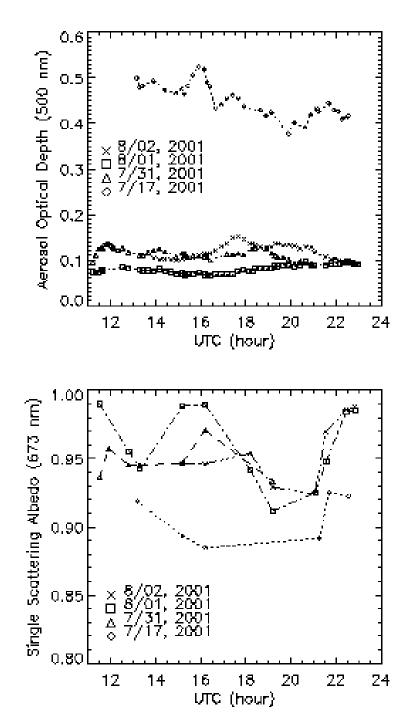






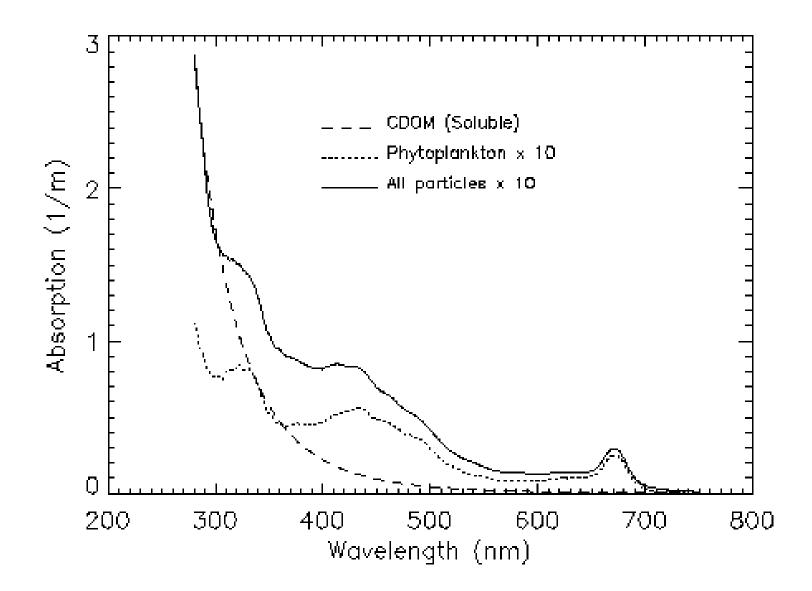








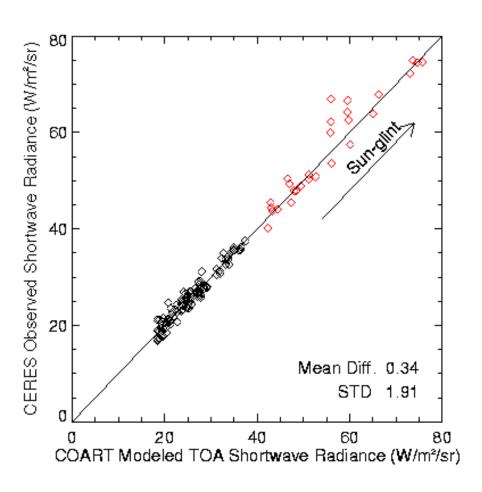


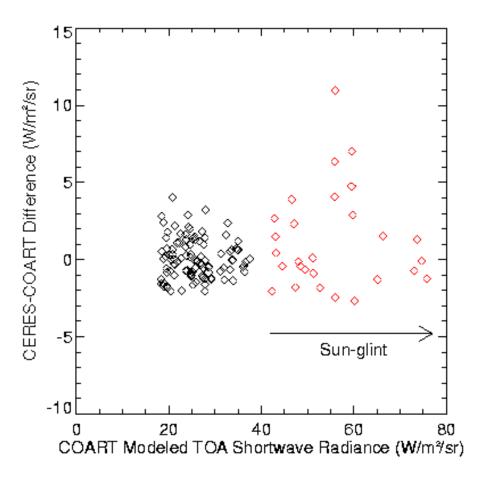






CERES and Model TOA radiances









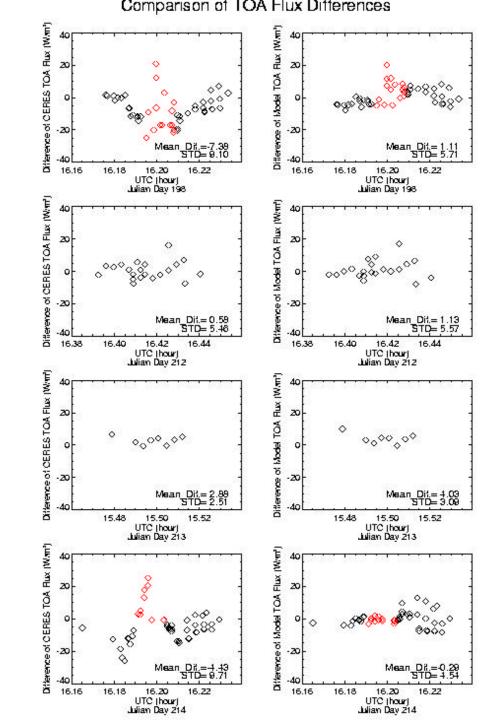
Comparison of TOA Fluxes CERES Derived TOA Rux (Warn!) Model Derived TOA Rux (Warn!) 120 120 60 Mean_Dit.= 1.11 STD= 5.71 Mean_Dil.=-7.39 STD= 9.10 16.20 UTC (hour) Julian Day 198 16.20 UTC (hour) Julian Day 198 16.16 16.18 16.22 16.16 16.18 16.22 CERES Derived TOA Flux (Wirth) Model Derived TOA Flux (Wirth) 0 0 100 100 400 0 0 Mean_Dit.= 0.58 STD= 5.48 Mean_Dit.= 1.13 STD= 5.57 16.42 UTC (hour) Julian Day 212 16.42 UTC (hour) Julian Day 212 16.38 16.40 16.44 16.38 16.40 16.44 CERES Derived TOA Flux (Wint) Model Derived TOA Rux (Wirm) 120 120 100 0 0 60 Mean_Dit.= 2.89 STD= 2.51 Mean_Dit = 4.03 STD= 3.09 15.50 UTC (hour) Julian Day 213 15.50 UTC (hour) Julian Day 213 15.48 15.48 15.52 15.52 CERES Derived TOA Rux (Wm²) Model Derived TOA Flux (Wirth) 120 000 100 100 A80-0000 -0 60 60 Mean_Dil.=4.49 STD=9.71 Mean_Dil.=-0.29 STD= 4.54 16.16 16.18 16.20 16.22 16.16 16.18 16.20 16.22

UTC (hour)

UTC (hour)



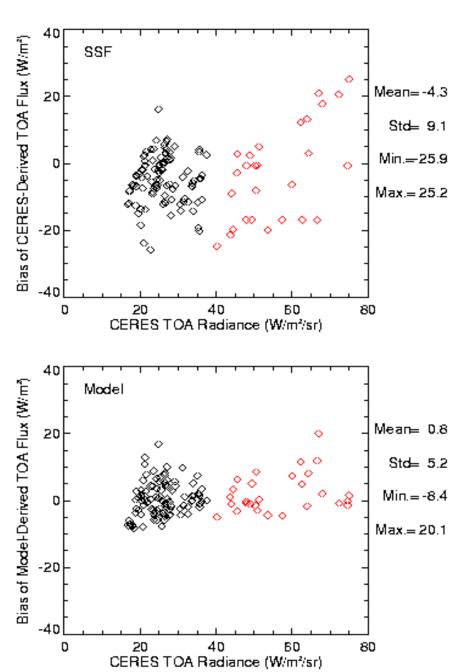








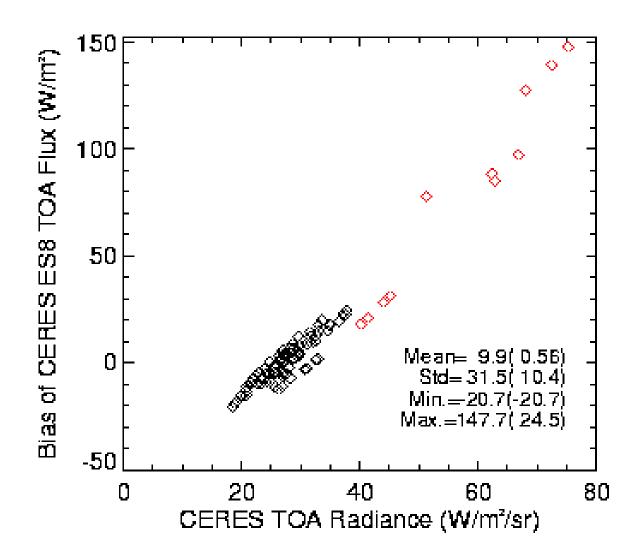
Bias of CERES TOA Fluxes





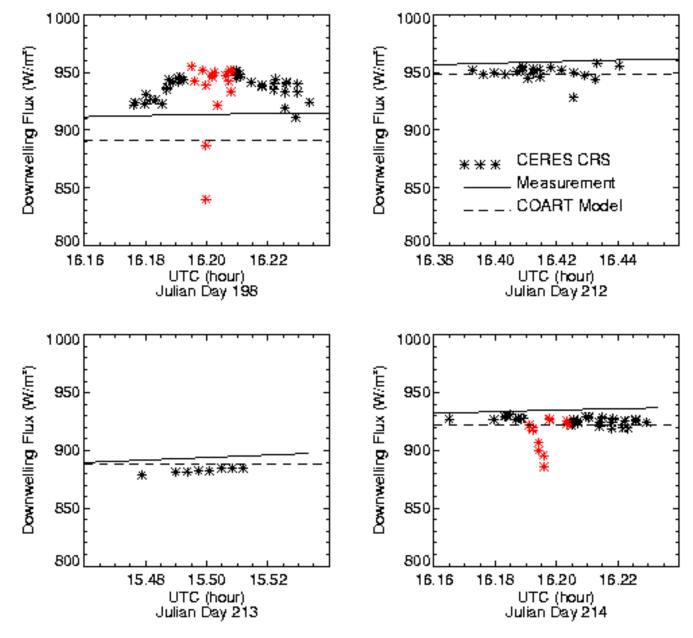


Bias of CERES ERBE-Like Fluxes









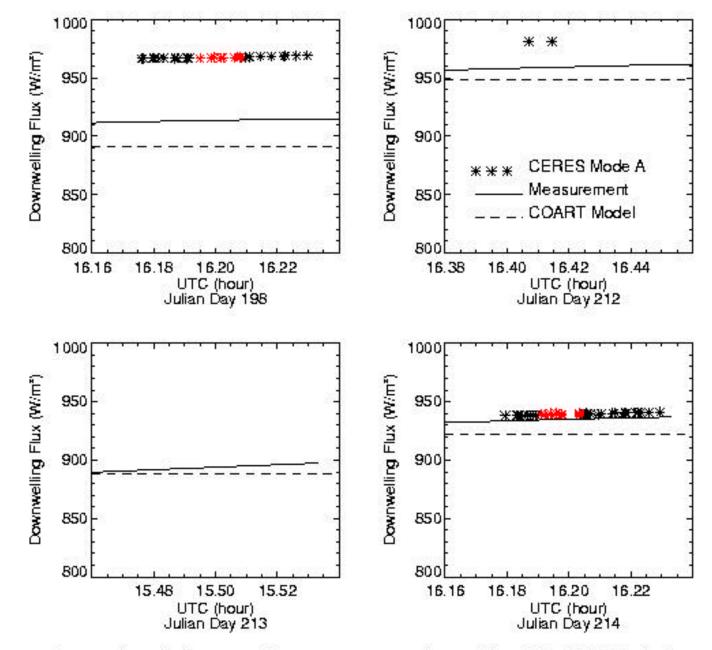
Comparison between surface measurement, model and CERES CRS

Diff_Mean(CERES-COVE) = 2.34 Diff_STD = 20.20

Diff_Mean(CERES-Model) = 18.06 Diff_STD = 25.28







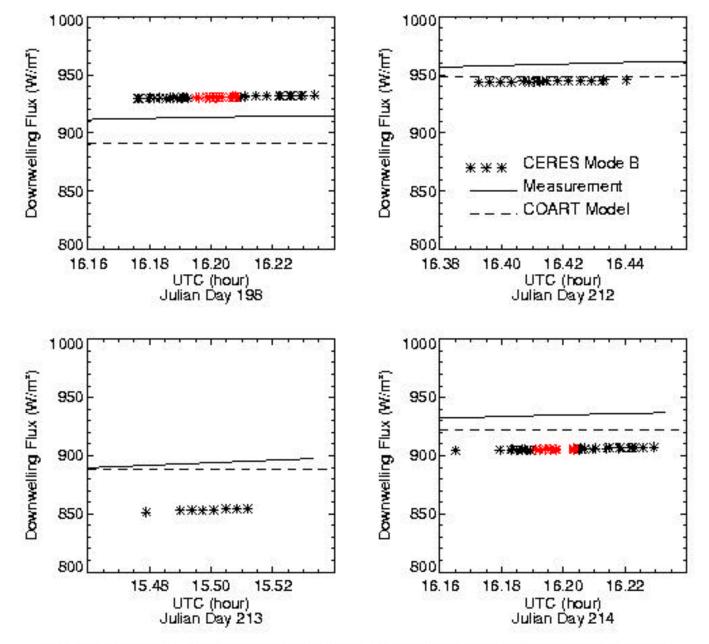


Comparison between surface measurement, model and CERES Mode A

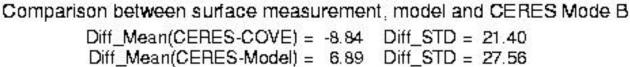
Diff_Mean(CERES-COVE) = 25.62 Diff_STD = 23.19

Diff_Mean(CERES-Model) = 42.24 Diff_STD = 28.76



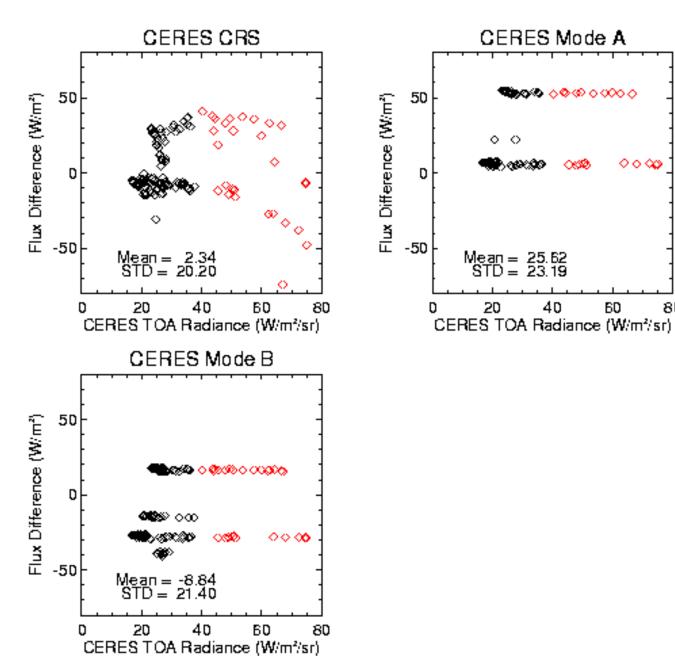






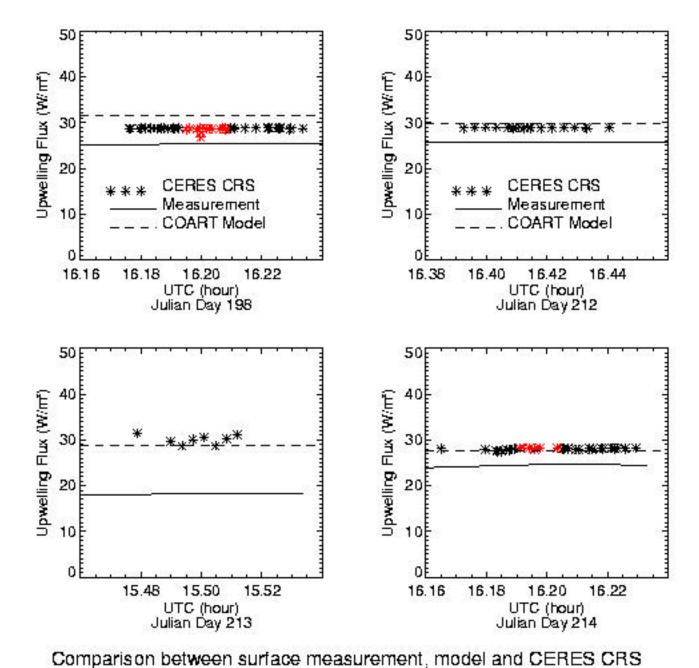


Downwelling Flux Differences at Surface Between CERES and COVE Measurement







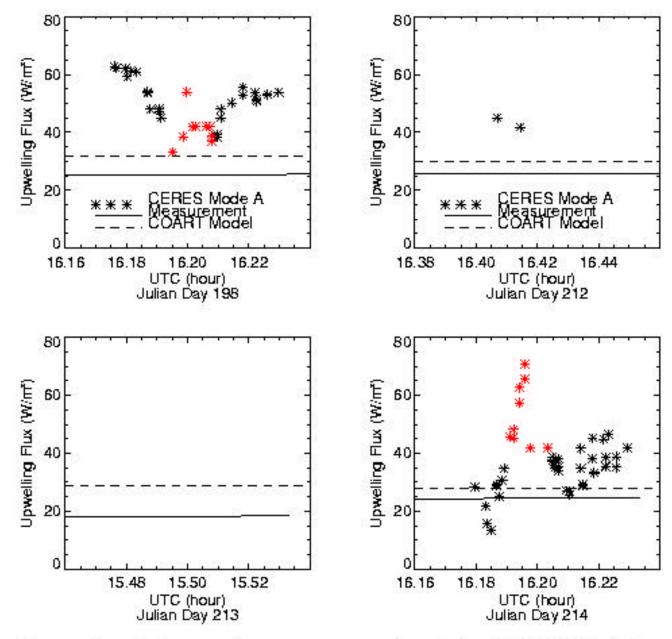




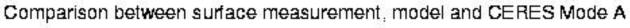


Diff_Mean(CERES-COVE) = 3.99 Diff_STD = 2.14 Diff_Mean(CERES-Model) = -1.10 Diff_STD = 1.59





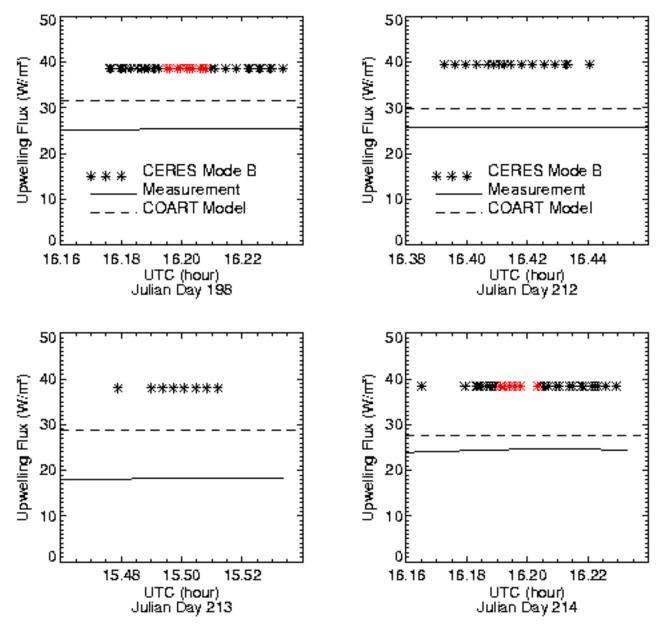


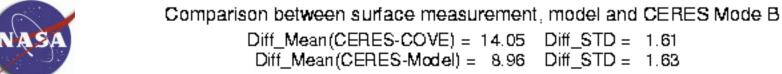


Diff_Mean(CERES-COVE) = 17.67 $Diff_STD = 10.99$ Diff_Mean(CERES-Model) = 13.06

 $Diff_STD = 10.49$



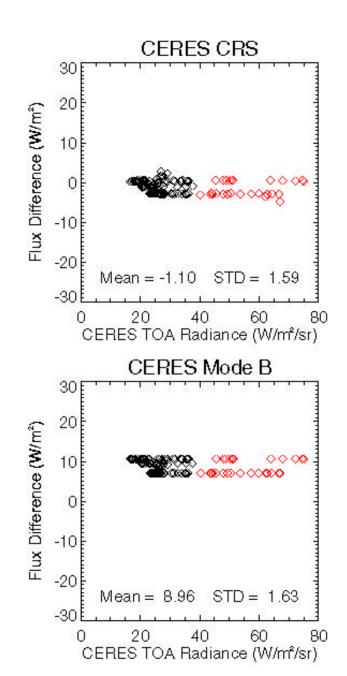








Upwelling Flux Difference at Surface Between CERES and Model



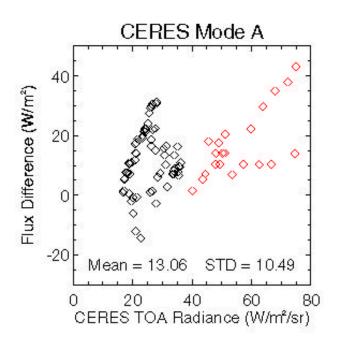






Table 1: Comparison Between CERES, Model and Surface Measurements

		All Data (sun-glint included)				Data (sun-glint excluded)			
		Mean	Std(Std%)	Min	Max	Mean	Std(Std%)	Min	Max
Radiance (w/m²/sr)	CERES -Model	0.34	1.91(5.9)	-2.68	11.0	0.11	1.27(4.9)	-2.07	4.00
TOA Flux (W/m²)	CERES ES8 Model		9.1(9.9) 31.5(34.2) 5.2(5.7)	-20.7		0.6	7.2(7.8) 10.4(11.3) 4.9(5.3)	-20.7	
Flux	CRS Mode A Mode B		20.2(2.2) 23.2(2.5) 21.4(2.3)	4.1		25.1	16.0(1.7) 23.0(2.5) 20.9(2.3)	4.1	
	CRS Mode A Mode B		1.6(5.4) 10.5(35.4) 1.6(5.4)	-14.4		11.8	1.5(5.1) 10.2(34.3) 1.6(5.4)	-14.4	2.7 31.2 10.7





Summary

- Comprehensive radiative measurements provided a database for validation of model and satellite retrieval algorithms.
- ➤ CERES measured radiances agree well with modeled radiance in all directions, including the sun-glint region.
- ➤ CERES TOA fluxes have good agreement with model; ERBE-like TOA fluxes also agree well with model outside sun-glint region but show small systematic error and show large errors within the sun-glint.
- Downward fluxes from all three algorithms (CRS, Mode A, and Mode B) show good agreement with surface measurements and have relatively smallest deviations.





- For upwelling flux, Mode A and Mode B show large deviations, especially Mode A.
- Among three algorithms, CRS has smallest difference and STD, while Mode A has the largest.
- > All data show smaller error outside the sunglint region.



